Bologna Academy of Sciences

Bologna's Institute of Sciences was founded in 1711, based on the two most prestigious academies founded in the previous century, the Paris Academy and the Royal Society of London. Its function was to integrate the purely theoretical lessons offered by the University of Bologna with experimental practice. In 1712 Marsigli vision, the founder of oceanography and marine geology, was that the Science Academy would carry out scientific research in the tradition of Galileo and Newton. In 1734 the chemist Jacopo Bartolomeo Beccari entered the Academy. He was the first University Professor of Chemistry in Italy. After the reforms by Pope Benedict XIV the Science Academy became a center for all who wanted to advance sciences in Bologna. A new interest arose in the theories of Marcello Malpighi, René Descartes and Isaac Newton, and the teachings of Nicolaus Copernicus, Galileo Galilei and Francis Bacon, as well as interest in social issues. The physicist Laura Bassi, who in 1732 had become the second European woman to be awarded a university degree, became a member of the Institute. The Academy reached a high level of scientific progress towards the end of the XVIII century under its President Luigi Galvani. In 1791 he published his revolutionary treaty de viribus electricitatis in motu musculari. In 1907, the Academy admitted legal scholars for the first time. Members of the Academy in the last century have been Guglielmo Marconi, Albert Einstein, and Marie Curie, and, for the human sciences Giosuè Carducci and Giovanni Pascoli.

Organizing Commettee

Claudio Trombini, Marco Lombardo, Arianna Quintavalla - Università di Bologna Donatella Taramelli - Università di Milano

This event is FREE, but all participants have to register as soon as possible using the form available at the WWW address:

www.chimica.unibo.it/it/eventi/workshop-malaria



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Alma Mater Studiorum Università degli Studi di Bologna

PERSPECTIVE AND FUTURE RESEARCH IN MALARIA MANAGEMENT

December 18, 2013
Sala Ulisse
Accademia delle Scienze
dell'Istituto di Bologna
via Zamboni 31, Bologna



Workshop Program

Wednesday 18 december 2013

Morning Session

9.15: 9.30 - Workshop Opening

9.30:10.20

Andrea Crisanti

Genetic control measures targeting the malaria vector *anopheles gambiae*

10.20:10.40

Rakesh Sehgal

Old disease new outlook: complicated malaria due to *P. vivax*

10.40: 11.20 - Coffee Break

11.20:11.40

Marco Lombardo

Structurally simple 1,2-dioxanes as antimalarial drug candidates: synthesis and activity

11.40:12.00

Caterina Fattorusso

Redox control systems as preferential targets for antimalarial drugs development

12.00:12.50

Jeremy Burrows

Drug discovery towards the eradication of malaria

13.00: 14.30 - Lunch

Afternoon Session

14.30:15.20 **Pietro Alano**

The biology of *Plasmodium falciparum* gametocytes in the perspective of targeting the malaria transmission stages

15.20:15.40 **Elisa Michelini**

Bioluminescence helps malaria research: exploiting new luciferases to improve analytical performance of antimalarial screening assays

15.40:16.00

Sarah D'Alessandro

Targeting the sexual stage of *P. falciparum*: new *in vitro* assays to screen compounds against gametocytes

16.00:16.20

Santosh Mhaske

Malaria in India: past, present and

future

16.20

Claudio Trombini

Closing remarks and coffee

List of Speakers

Pietro Alano

Istituto Superiore di Sanità

Roma

Jeremy Burrows

Medicines for Malaria Venture (MMV)

Geneva

Andrea Crisanti

Dipartimento di Medicina Sperimentale e

Scienze Biochimiche

Università di Perugia

Division of Cell and Molecular Biology

Imperial College, London

Sarah D'Alessandro

Dipartimento di Scienze Farmacologiche e

Biomolecolari

Università di Milano

Caterina Fattorusso

Dipartimento di Farmacia

Università di Napoli "Federico II"

Marco Lombardo

Dipartimento di Chimica "Ciamician"

Università degli Studi di Bologna

Santosh Mhaske

Division of Organic Chemistry

National Chemical Laboratory (CSIR-NCL)

Pune, India

Elisa Michelini

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Rakesh Sehgal

Department of Medical Parasitology,

Postgraduate Institute of Medical Education &

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